1: Holmberg--4 [8] (1941-42) 1950 Siriono
116, 101, 131

"The Siriono are a group of seminomadic aborigines inhabiting an extensive tropical forest area, of about 200 miles square, between latitudes 13° and 17° S. and longitudes 63° and 65° W., in northern and eastern Bolivia. The name applied to these Indians is not of their own origin. (2) They refer to themselves simply as mbía or 'people.' But

2. The origin of the name Siriono is unknown. Wegner (1934b) has suggested that it came from the Siriono word síri, meaning 'chonta palm,' but there is no such suffix as ono in the Siriono language and the Indians are unacquainted with the name applied to them.

as they have been called Siriono since first contact, and have been thus designated in the literature, I shall adopt the term."

1: Holmberg--4-6 (1941-42) 1950 Siriono
116, 101, 175, 131

"The area of Bolivia inhabited by the Siriono is situated in the Departments of the Beni and Santa Cruz. It is roughly bounded on the north by the island forests, lying just south of the villages of Magdalena, Huacaraje, and Baures; on [6] the south, by the Franciscan Missions of Guarayos; on the east, by the Rio San Martín; and on the west, by the Rio Grande and Rio Mamoré. Within this extensive area the Siriono have lived and wandered in isolated pockets since the first European contact with them in 1693."